## In the Claims:

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- 1. (original) A photodetector arrangement (1) for stray light compensation with a photodetector unit (2) for detecting and determining at least two measuring signals ( $S_1$  and  $S_2$ ) and with a differential unit (6) for subtraction of the measuring signals ( $S_1$  and  $S_2$ ), wherein between the photodetector unit (2) and the differential unit (6) a compensation unit (4) is provided for compensating the constant components ( $S_{GL}$ ,  $S_{mGL}$ ) forming the basis of the respective measuring signal ( $S_1$  and  $S_2$ ).
- 2. (original) A photodetector arrangement according to claim 1, wherein the compensation unit (4) comprises a number of differential modules (10) which corresponds to the number of measuring signals (S<sub>1</sub> and S<sub>2</sub>).

## Claims 3 to 8 (canceled).

9. (original) A method for stray light compensation of measuring signals  $(S_1, S_2)$  detected by means of a photodetector unit (2), wherein a constant component  $(S_{GL}, S_{mGL})$  forming the basis of the respective measuring signal  $(S_1, S_2)$  is compensated before subtraction of the measuring signals  $(S_1, S_2)$ .

1 10. (original) A method according to claim 9, wherein for the measuring signals  $(S_1, S_2)$  a constant component  $(S_{GL}, S_{mel})$  is determined, which commonly represents these signals.

Claims 11 to 13 (canceled).

[REMARKS FOLLOW ON NEXT PAGE]